

HOMEWORK 9

PROBLEM 1

(a). First we consider the model $(\mathbb{Z}, +)$. Is 1 a definable element in $(\mathbb{Z}, +)$? (Give a proof, of course.) List all the definable elements of $(\mathbb{Z}, +)$.

(b). Now consider the model $(\mathbb{Z}, +, <)$. Prove that each element of $(\mathbb{Z}, +, <)$ is definable. List all of the automorphisms of $(\mathbb{Z}, +, <)$

PROBLEM 2

Prove that there is a model \mathfrak{M} elementarily equivalent to $(\mathbb{Z}, +, <)$ where it is not the case that every element is definable.

PROBLEM 3

Let $W \subseteq A^*$. Show that the following are equivalent:

- (1) W is enumerable.
- (2) There is register machine program such that P on input w outputs the empty word and halts whenever $w \in W$, and P runs forever without outputting anything if w is not in W .

PROBLEM 4

A set $W \subseteq A^*$ is called lexicographically enumerable iff there is a register machine program that outputs W in lexicographic order. Show that W is lexicographically enumerable iff W is decidable.

PROBLEM 5

Let $A := \{a, \}$. Carefully write out a register program that takes a string $w \in A^*$ and halts iff the length of the string is divisible by three.

PROBLEM 6

Suppose that $U \subseteq A^*$ is decidable, and suppose that $W \subseteq U$. Show that W is decidable if and only if both $U \setminus W$ and W are enumerable.