

Asymptotic Analysis
Problem Set 2
Due March 1, 2005

Problem 8

[DeBruijn 2.1] Show that the equation $\sin x = (\log x)^{-1}$ has just one root x_n in the interval $2\pi n < x_n < 2\pi n + \pi/2$ ($n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$), and that

$$x_n = 2\pi n + (\log 2\pi n)^{-1} + O((\log 2\pi n)^{-3}) \quad (n \rightarrow \infty).$$

Problem 9

[DeBruijn 2.2] Let $f(t)$ be positive, and assume that

$$e^{tf(t)} = f(t) + t + O(1) \quad (0 < t < \infty).$$

Show that

$$f(t) = t^{-1} \log t + O(t^{-2}) \quad (t \rightarrow \infty).$$

Problem 10

For $u > 1$, let $\xi = \xi(u)$ denote the unique positive solution to the equation $\int_0^1 e^{\xi t} dt = u$. Obtain an asymptotic estimate for $\xi(u)$, as $u \rightarrow \infty$, with an error term $O((\log \log u)/(\log u)^2)$.

Problem 11

Let $x_0 = 1$ and for $n \geq 1$ let $x_n = \sin x_{n-1}$. (This is the sequence obtained by repeatedly pressing the “sin” button on a calculator, starting with initial value 1.) It is easy to see that x_n converges to 0 as $n \rightarrow \infty$. Obtain an estimate for x_n consisting of a main term and an error term of smaller order (such as $x_n = (1/n)(1 + O(1/n))$).

Problem 12

Show that if $f(x)$ satisfies

$$f(x) = O_\epsilon(x^\epsilon) \quad (x \geq x_0(\epsilon)),$$

for any fixed positive number ϵ , with a suitable constant $x_0(\epsilon)$, then there exists a function $\epsilon(x) > 0$ with $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \epsilon(x) = 0$, such that $f(x)$ satisfies the single estimate

$$f(x) = O(x^{\epsilon(x)}) \quad (x \geq x_0),$$

with a suitable x_0 .

Problem 13

Let $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$ be a series with real terms a_n , and suppose that $a_n \rightarrow 0$ as $n \rightarrow \infty$. Let $S_N = \sum_{n=1}^N a_n$ denote the partial sums of this series, and let $\underline{S} = \liminf_{N \rightarrow \infty} S_N$ and $\overline{S} = \limsup_{N \rightarrow \infty} S_N$ (where \overline{S} and \underline{S} may be infinite). Prove that, for every $x \in (\underline{S}, \overline{S})$, there exists a sequence $N_1 < N_2 < \dots$ such that $\lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} S_{N_k} = x$.