

UIUC Department of Mathematics

Mock Putnam Exam 3

November 9, 1998

Graded exams will be returned at next Monday's Putnam Training Session.

Solutions will be posted by the end of this week at
<http://www.math.uiuc.edu/~hildebr/putnam/mockputnam.html>.

1. [Barbeau, #230] Evaluate $f(n) = 1^2 - 2^2 + 3^2 - \cdots + (2n - 1)^2 - (2n)^2$.
2. Let F_n be the n th Fibonacci number, i.e., $F_1 = 1$, $F_2 = 1$, and $F_{n+1} = F_n + F_{n-1}$ for $n \geq 1$. Show that $F_n^2 + F_{n+1}^2 = F_{2n+1}$ for all $n \geq 1$.
3. [Putnam 1986] Determine the rightmost digit (in decimal) of $\left\lfloor \frac{10^{20000}}{10^{100} + 3} \right\rfloor$.
4. [Putnam 1984] Express
$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{6^k}{(3^{k+1} - 2^{k+1})(3^k - 2^k)}$$
 as a rational number.
5. [Newman, #87] Let $\{a_n\}$ be a sequence of positive real numbers satisfying $a_n < a_{n+1} + a_{n^2}$ for all n . Show that the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$ diverges.

Sources:

[Barbeau] E. Barbeau et al., Five hundred mathematical challenges

[Newman] D.J. Newman, A problem seminar