

Math241, Quiz 8-version a, Nov. 12

Name: Solutions.

Question 1: [5pt] Evaluate the line integral, where C is the given curve.

$$\int_C y \sin x dy,$$

C is the arc of the curve $y = \sin(x)$ from $(0, 0)$ to $(2\pi, 0)$.

Sol). $x = t$, $y = \sin(t)$, $0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$,

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \sin(t) \sin(t) \cos(t) dt$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \sin^2(t) \cos(t) dt = \left[\frac{\sin^3(t)}{3} \right]_0^{2\pi} = \boxed{0}.$$

Question 2: [5pt] Evaluate the line integral $\int_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$, where C is given by the vector function $\vec{r}(t)$.

$$\vec{F}(x, y, z) = x^2 \vec{i} + (x + y) \vec{j} + z^2 \vec{k},$$

$$\vec{r}(t) = t^2 \vec{i} + t^4 \vec{j} - t^2 \vec{k}, 0 \leq t \leq 2.$$

Sol) $\vec{F}(\vec{r}(t)) = t^4 \vec{i} + (t^2 + t^4) \vec{j} + t^4 \vec{k},$

$$\vec{r}'(t) = 2t \vec{i} + 4t^3 \vec{j} - 2t \vec{k},$$

$$\int_0^2 2t^5 + (t^2 + t^4) 4t^3 - 2t^5 dt =$$

$$4 \int_0^2 t^5 + t^7 dt = 4 \left[\frac{t^6}{6} + \frac{t^8}{8} \right]_0^2 = 4 \left(\frac{2^6}{6} + \frac{2^8}{8} \right) =$$

$$4 \left(\frac{2^5}{3} + 2^5 \right) = \frac{2^7}{3} + 2^7 = \frac{2^9}{3} = \boxed{\frac{512}{3}}.$$