

Math241, Quiz 8-version b, Nov. 12

Name: Solutions.

Question 1: [5pt] Evaluate the line integral, where C is the given curve.

$$\int_C x \sin y dx,$$

C is the arc of the curve $x = \cos(y)$ from $(0, \frac{-\pi}{2})$ to $(0, \frac{\pi}{2})$.

Sol) $y = t, x = \cos(t), -\frac{\pi}{2} \leq t \leq \frac{\pi}{2},$

$$\int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos(t) \sin(t) (-\sin(t) dt) =$$

$$- \int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^2(t) \cos(t) dt = - \left[\frac{\sin^3(t)}{3} \right]_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} =$$

$$- \frac{1}{3} (1 - (-1)) = \boxed{-\frac{2}{3}}.$$

Question 2: [5pt] Evaluate the line integral $\int_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$, where C is given by the vector function $\vec{r}(t)$.

$$\vec{F}(x, y, z) = x^2 \vec{i} + (x + y) \vec{j} + z^2 \vec{k},$$

$$\vec{r}(t) = t^{\frac{3}{2}} \vec{i} + t^2 \vec{j} + t^{\frac{3}{2}} \vec{k}, \quad 0 \leq t \leq 2.$$

Sol) $\vec{F}(\vec{r}(t)) = t^3 \vec{i} + (t^{\frac{3}{2}} + t^2) \vec{j} + t^3 \vec{k},$
 $\vec{r}'(t) = \frac{3}{2} t^{\frac{1}{2}} \vec{i} + 2t \vec{j} + \frac{3}{2} t^{\frac{1}{2}} \vec{k},$

$$\int_0^2 \left(\frac{3}{2} t^{\frac{7}{2}} + 2t(t^{\frac{3}{2}} + t^2) + \frac{3}{2} t^{\frac{7}{2}} \right) dt =$$

$$\int_0^2 (3t^{\frac{7}{2}} + 2t^{\frac{5}{2}} + 2t^3) dt = \left[\cancel{3 \cdot \frac{2}{9}} t^{\frac{9}{2}} + 2 \cdot \frac{2}{7} t^{\frac{7}{2}} + 2 \cdot \frac{t^4}{4} \right]_0^2$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} 2^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{4}{7} 2^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{2^4}{2} = \frac{1}{3} 2^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{1}{7} 2^{\frac{11}{2}} + 8 = \frac{10}{21} 32\sqrt{2} + 8 =$$

$$\boxed{8 + \frac{320\sqrt{2}}{21}}$$