

MATH 286 section G1, QUIZ #5

Names..... Answer .....

1. (5pts) (i) Find a solution of the boundary value problem for the rectangular  $\{0 < x < 2, 0 < y < 3\}$ .

$$\begin{aligned} u_{xx} + u_{yy} &= 0; \\ u(0, y) &= u(2, y) = u(x, 3) = 0; \\ u(x, 0) &= \sin \frac{\pi x}{2} - 5 \sin 3\pi x. \end{aligned}$$

$$u(x, y) = \frac{1}{\sinh \frac{3\pi}{2}} \sin \frac{\pi x}{2} \sinh \frac{(3-y)\pi}{2} - \frac{1}{\sinh 9\pi} 5 \sin 3\pi x \sinh 3\pi(3-y)$$

$$\text{where } \sinh y = \frac{e^y - e^{-y}}{2}$$

- (ii) (5pts) Find a solution for the boundary value problem for the disk with radius  $a = 3$ .

$$\begin{aligned} r^2 u_{rr} + r u_r + u_{\theta\theta} &= 0, \quad 0 \leq r < 3 \\ f(3, \theta) &= 2 - \cos 7\theta + \sum_{n \text{ odd}} \frac{4}{n\pi} \sin n\theta. \end{aligned}$$

$$f(r, \theta) = 2 - \frac{r^7}{3^7} \cos 7\theta + \sum_{n \text{ odd}} \frac{4}{n\pi} \frac{r^n}{3^n} \sin n\theta$$

2 (10pts) Solve the system of ODE.

$$\begin{aligned}x_1' &= 3x_1 + 2x_3 \\x_2' &= 2x_2 + x_3 \\x_3 &= -x_2 + 2x_3\end{aligned}$$

Let  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$   $\mathbf{x}' = A\mathbf{x}$ .

• Eigenvalue:  $|A - \lambda I| = 0$

$$\left| \begin{bmatrix} 3-\lambda & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 2-\lambda & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 2-\lambda \end{bmatrix} \right| = 0$$

$$(3-\lambda) \left| \begin{bmatrix} 2-\lambda & 1 \\ -1 & 2-\lambda \end{bmatrix} \right| = 0$$

$$(3-\lambda) [(2-\lambda)^2 + 1] = 0$$

$$\lambda_1 = 3, \quad \lambda_2, \lambda_3 = 2 \pm i$$

• Eigenvector:  $\lambda_1 = 3, \quad v_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad \mathbf{x}_1 = e^{3t} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$

$$\lambda_2, \lambda_3 = 2 \pm i, \quad v_2, v_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \pm i \\ \pm i \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \pm \begin{bmatrix} i \\ i \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} i$$

$$\mathbf{x}_2 = e^{2t} \left( \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \cos t - \begin{bmatrix} i \\ i \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \sin t \right)$$

$$\mathbf{x}_3 = e^{2t} \left( \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \sin t + \begin{bmatrix} i \\ i \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \cos t \right)$$

$$\mathbf{x} = c_1 \mathbf{x}_1 + c_2 \mathbf{x}_2 + c_3 \mathbf{x}_3 = \begin{bmatrix} c_1 e^{3t} \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} c_2 e^{2t} (\cos t - \sin t) \\ -c_2 e^{2t} \sin t \\ -c_2 e^{2t} \cos t \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} c_3 e^{2t} (\cos t + \sin t) \\ c_3 e^{2t} \cos t \\ -c_3 e^{2t} \sin t \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} c_1 e^{3t} + c_2 e^{2t} (\cos t - \sin t) + c_3 e^{2t} (\cos t + \sin t) \\ -c_2 e^{2t} \sin t + c_3 e^{2t} \cos t \\ -c_2 e^{2t} \cos t - c_3 e^{2t} \sin t \end{bmatrix}$$