

## Math 415 Old Exam # 1

1. (12 points)

(a) Find an  $LU$  factorization of the matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & -2 \\ -6 & -7 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

(b) If a matrix  $B$  has the  $LU$  factorization

$$B = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 & -5 \\ -8 & -7 & 18 \\ 0 & 3 & -7 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -4 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 & -5 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

solve  $Bx = (-3 \ 10 \ -7)^T$  without reducing the augmented matrix.

(c) What is the value of  $\det B$  ?

2. (12 points)

(a) Give the definition of the inverse of a matrix  $A$ .

(b) Write down a  $3 \times 3$  permutation matrix  $P$ . Also write down its inverse.

(c) Write down a  $3 \times 3$  matrix  $E$  that performs an elementary row operation through matrix multiplication. Also write down its inverse.

(d) Compute explicitly the inverse of the product  $PE$ .

(e) What does the value of the determinant of a  $3 \times 5$  matrix tell you about the existence of an inverse of that matrix?

3. (8 points)

(a) Give a definition of the rank of a matrix  $A$ .

(b) Find the rank of the matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 4 \\ 0 & 3 & 6 \\ 1 & 4 & 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

(c) What is the rank of  $A^T$  ?

4. (12 points)

(a) Give a definition of the concept of linear independence of a collection of vectors  $\{v_1, v_2, \dots, v_n\}$  from a vector space  $V$ .

(b) For  $V = M_{2 \times 2}$  show that

$$v_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, v_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, v_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

are linearly independent

5. (12 points)

(a) What is meant by the span of a collection of vectors  $\{v_1, v_2, \dots, v_n\}$  from a vector space  $V$ ?

(b) Show that all vectors in the span of the two vectors

$$v_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \text{ and } v_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

lie in the plane in  $R^3$  defined by  $x + 2y + 3z = 0$ .

(c) What is the dimension of the subspace

$W = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} x & y & z \end{pmatrix}^T \text{ for which } x + 2y + 3z = 0 \right\}$  given the facts outlined in part b)? Be specific.

6. (10 points) The three vectors

$$v_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}, v_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \text{ and } v_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

form a basis for  $R^3$  (you do NOT need to verify this!)

(a) Express the vector  $u = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & -8 & -1 \end{pmatrix}^T$  as a linear combination of these three vectors.

(b) What are the “coordinates” of  $u$  relative to this basis?