

You know the rules by now. The problems in this homework are from Chapter Five. **It is important to write your proofs carefully and clearly. It is important to cite results in the book if you write down an answer without doing much computation.**

(ungraded) Strayer – 10ac, 23ac, 30a

1. Strayer – 10bd, 23bd.
2. Strayer – 30b, 31a.
3. Strayer – 18.
4. Compute $\text{ord}_{19}a$ for $a = 1, \dots, 18$.
5. (\mathcal{E}) Compute $\text{ord}_{1085}2$. (Note: $1085 = 5 \cdot 7 \cdot 31$.)
6. (\mathcal{E}) You are told that 3 is a primitive root modulo 353. Given this information, solve the equation $x^8 \equiv 1 \pmod{353}$. Leave your answer in the form $x \equiv 3^{k_j} \pmod{353}$ for as many specific integers k_1, \dots as you need. (Note: This course used to be called Math 353, and 353 is prime.)
7. (\mathcal{E}) Find all four solutions to the equation $x^4 \equiv 1 \pmod{41}$. (Hint: $9^2 = 81 = 2 * 41 - 1$.) Using this result, find all four solutions to the equation $x^4 \equiv 16 \pmod{41}$.
8. (Extra credit) Find all odd primes p with the property that 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 are all quadratic residues mod p . You may quote from class notes and previous homework solutions to simplify your work.