

Math 241, Spring 2007, Merit Worksheet 27

1. Evaluate the surface integral

$$\iint_S \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} \, dS,$$

where \mathbf{n} is the upward-pointing unit normal vector to the surface S , the first octant part of the plane $2x + 2y + 2z = 3$ and $\mathbf{F} = x\vec{i} + y\vec{j} + z\vec{k}$.

2. Evaluate the surface integral

$$\iint_S \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} \, dS,$$

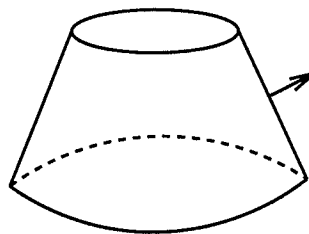
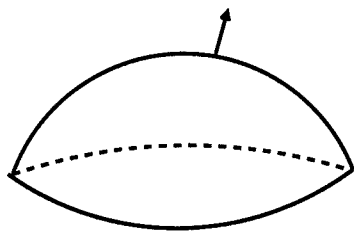
where \mathbf{n} is the upward-pointing unit normal vector to the surface S , the part of the cone $z = r$ that lies within the cylinder $r = 3$ and $\mathbf{F} = y\vec{i} - x\vec{j}$.

3. Suppose that $\mathbf{F} = (x^2 + y^2 + z^2)(x\vec{i} + y\vec{j} + z\vec{k})$ and that S is the spherical surface $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$. Evaluate

$$\iint_S \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} \, dS,$$

without performing an antidifferentiation.

4. Calculate the outward flux of the vector field $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = 2x\vec{i} + 2y\vec{j} + 3z\vec{k}$ across the closed surface S , the boundary of the solid paraboloid bounded by the xy -plane and $z = 4 - x^2 - y^2$.
5. Evaluate $\iint_S \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} \, dS$, where $\mathbf{F} = (x^3 + e^z)\vec{i} + x^2y\vec{j} + (\sin xy)\vec{k}$ and S is the boundary of the region bounded by the parabolic cylinder $z = 4 - x^2$ and the planes $y = 0$, $z = 0$ and $y + z = 5$.
6. Mark the induced orientations of the boundary curves:



7. Evaluate $\int \int_S (\text{curl } \mathbf{F}) \cdot \mathbf{n} \, dS$, where $\mathbf{F} = \langle yz, -xz, z^3 \rangle$ and S is the part of the cone that lies between the two planes $z = 1$ and $z = 3$ and with upper unit normal vector n .
8. Evaluate $\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{T} \, ds$, where $\mathbf{F} = y\vec{i} + z\vec{j} + x\vec{k}$ and C is the boundary of the triangle with vertices $(0, 0, 0)$, $(2, 0, 0)$ and $(0, 2, 2)$, oriented clockwise as viewed from above.
9. Problem 17, p.1073
10. Suppose that $f(x, y, z)$ has continuous second partial derivatives. What can you say about $\text{curl } \nabla f$? (Using Stokes' theorem, for example.)
 - (a) $\text{curl} = 0$
 - (b) $\text{curl} > 0$
 - (c) $\text{curl} < 0$
 - (d) Depends on f .

Warm-up for next time

Review Wednesday, May 2nd. I'll be on campus Thursday and Friday if you have any questions.

It has been a real pleasure working with you. Best of luck with all your exams.

Have a great Summer!