

Math 241, Fall 2006, Merit Practice Exam 2

- Let $f(x, y, z) = \sqrt{xy^2z^3}$ and let P be the point $(2, 2, 2)$.
 - Find the maximum directional derivative of f at P and the direction in which it occurs.
 - Find the directional derivative of f at P in the direction of $\vec{v} = 3\vec{i} + 12\vec{j} + 4\vec{k}$.
- Find and classify the critical points of the function $f(x, y) = 4xy - 2x^4 - y^2$.
- Find the first octant point on the surface $xyz = 8$ that is closest to $(0, 0, 0)$.
- Find the equation of the tangent plane to the surface $xy^2 + 2xyz - e^{xz} = 8$ at the point $(1, 3, 0)$.
- Show that the limit does not exist:

$$\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{xy^2}{x^3 + y^3}$$

- Show that the function

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{2x^6 + 3y^5}{x^2 + y^2} & \text{if } (x, y) \neq (0, 0) \\ 0 & \text{if } (x, y) = (0, 0) \end{cases}$$

is differentiable everywhere.

- Use linear approximation to estimate

$$\sqrt{(3.1)^2 + (4.2)^2 + (11.7)^2}$$

- Suppose that $w = f(u, v)$ and $u(x, y) = 2x + 3y$ and $v(x, y) = xy$. Find

$$\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x \partial y}$$

in terms of x, y and derivatives with respect to x and y .

- Notice that this is (far) too long to be the real exam