

Mathematics 595 (CAP/TRA) Fall 2005

Homework #6 (due Wednesday, October 19)

1. (a) Let $f : (X, \mathcal{T}) \rightarrow (Y, \mathcal{T}')$ be one-to-one and onto. Prove that the following are equivalent:

(i) f^{-1} is continuous,

(ii) f is *open*, i.e., U open in X implies $f(U)$ open in Y ,

(iii) f is *closed*, i.e., F closed in X implies $f(F)$ closed in Y .

(b) Let (X, \mathcal{T}) be a compact topological space, let (Y, \mathcal{T}') be a metrizable topological space ($\mathcal{T}' = \mathcal{T}_{d'}$ is the topology induced by a metric d' on Y) and let $f : (X, \mathcal{T}) \rightarrow (Y, \mathcal{T}')$ be continuous, one-to-one and onto. Prove that f^{-1} is continuous.

Extra credit: What is the most general condition on (Y, \mathcal{T}') under which this conclusion holds?

2. A topological space (X, \mathcal{T}) is *discrete* if \mathcal{T} is the set of all subsets of X , i.e., every set in X is open.

Prove that (X, \mathcal{T}) is discrete if and only if every map from (X, \mathcal{T}) to another topological space (Y, \mathcal{T}') is necessarily continuous.

3. Let (X, \mathcal{T}) be a topological space and let \sim be an equivalence relation on X . Let $Y = X/\sim$ be the quotient space, and let \mathcal{T}' be the collection of all subsets U of Y with the following property: U is a collection of equivalence classes $[x]$ such that $\bigcup_{[x] \in U} \{x\}$ is an open set in X .

(a) Prove that \mathcal{T}' is a topology on Y . It is called the *quotient topology*.

(b) Prove that $Q : (X, \mathcal{T}) \rightarrow (Y, \mathcal{T}')$, $Q(x) = [x]$ is continuous.

(c) Let (Z, \mathcal{T}'') be another topological space, and let $f : X \rightarrow Z$ be a continuous map which is constant on equivalence classes ($x \sim y \Rightarrow f(x) = f(y)$). Prove that there exists a unique continuous map $g : Y \rightarrow Z$ so that $g \circ Q = f$.

(d) Let $X = \mathbb{R}^2$ with the standard topology, and define the equivalence relation $(x, y) \sim (x', y')$ if and only if $(x' - x, y' - y) \in \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}$. Identify the quotient space \mathbb{R}^2/\sim up to homeomorphism. (No proof needed.)

(e) Repeat (d) for $X = \mathbb{S}^1 = \{z \in \mathbb{C} : |z| = 1\}$ with the standard topology, and the equivalence relation $z \sim z'$ if and only if $z = z'$ or $z = -z'$.

(f)* Repeat (d) for $X = \mathbb{S}^2 = \{p \in \mathbb{R}^3 : |p| = 1\}$ with the standard topology, and the equivalence relation $p \sim p'$ if and only if $p = p'$ or $p = -p'$.

4. Let A and B be disjoint subsets of a metric space (X, d) , with A closed and B compact. Prove that $\text{dist}(A, B) > 0$. (See Exam 1 for the definition of the distance between sets.)

5.* Let (X, d) be a compact metric space.

(a) Let $f : X \rightarrow X$ be a 1-*co-Lipschitz* map: $d(f(x), f(y)) \geq d(x, y)$ for all $x, y \in X$. Prove that f is an isometry.

(b) Let $f : X \rightarrow X$ be 1-Lipschitz and onto. Prove that f is an isometry.