

Quiz VI

Section 4.6, 5.1 - 5.3

October 15, 2006

Problem 1. *A sample of radioactive material disintegrates from 5 grams to 2 grams in 100 days. After how many days will just 1 gram remain? (Do not attempt to convert your solutions to decimal form.)*

Solution. We first note that radioactive decay tells us the basic form of the equation for $P(t)$, the amount of radioactive material remaining, $P(t) = P_0 e^{kt}$. We need to determine values for the constants P_0 and k . We are told that 5 grams disintegrates to 2 grams in 100 days, so we have the data $P(0) = 5$ and $P(100) = 2$. So, we have $P_0 = 5$ and we have two ways of expressing $P(100)$.

$$\begin{aligned}2 &= P(100) = 5e^{100k} \\ \frac{2}{5} &= e^{100k} \\ \ln\left(\frac{2}{5}\right) &= 100k \\ \frac{1}{100} \ln\left(\frac{2}{5}\right) &= k\end{aligned}$$

So, we now have a better equation for $P(t)$, $P(t) = 5e^{\frac{1}{100} \ln(2/5)t}$. What we want is the time when $P(t) = 1$, so we have:

$$\begin{aligned}1 &= 5e^{\frac{1}{100} \ln(2/5)t} \\ \frac{1}{5} &= e^{\frac{1}{100} \ln(2/5)t} \\ \ln\left(\frac{1}{5}\right) &= \frac{1}{100} \ln\left(\frac{2}{5}\right)t \\ 100 \frac{\ln(1/5)}{\ln(2/5)} &= t\end{aligned}$$

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Problem 2. Use logarithmic differentiation to differentiate

$$f(x) = (x + 1)^4(4x - 1)^2$$

(Hint: Take the natural logarithm of both sides, and then differentiate.)

Solution. We will use the fact that $\frac{d}{dx} \ln f(x) = \frac{f'(x)}{f(x)}$.

$$\begin{aligned} \ln f(x) &= \ln[(x + 1)^4(4x - 1)^2] \\ &= \ln[(x + 1)^4] + \ln[(4x - 1)^2] \\ &= 4 \ln(x + 1) + 2 \ln(4x - 1) \end{aligned}$$

This is easy to differentiate to get:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d}{dx} \ln f(x) &= \frac{d}{dx} [4 \ln(x + 1) + 2 \ln(4x - 1)] \\ &= \frac{4}{x + 1} + \frac{8}{4x - 1} \end{aligned}$$

We now use the fact above to get that

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= f(x) \left(\frac{d}{dx} \ln f(x) \right) \\ &= (x + 1)^4(4x - 1)^2 \left[\frac{4}{x + 1} + \frac{8}{4x - 1} \right] \end{aligned}$$

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