

Problem 1

Some diseases— such as typhoid fever— are spread largely by carriers, individuals who can transmit the disease but who exhibit no symptoms. Let,  $x$  and  $y$ , respectively, denote the proportion of susceptibles and carriers in the population. Suppose that carriers are identified and removed from the population at a rate  $\beta > 0$

$$y' = -\beta y.$$

Suppose also that the disease spreads at a rate proportional to the product of  $x$  and  $y$ , thus

$$x' = -\alpha xy.$$

1. Determine  $y$  at time  $t$ .
2. Use the result of the previous part to find  $x$  at any time  $t$ .
3. Find the proportion of the population that escapes the epidemic by finding the limiting value of  $x$  as  $t \rightarrow \infty$ .

Problem 2

Consider the family of differential equations

$$x' = ax + \sin x$$

where  $a$  is a parameter.

1. Sketch the phase line when  $a = 0$ .
2. Use the graphs of  $ax$  and  $\sin x$  to determine the qualitative behavior of all the bifurcations that occur as  $a$  increases from  $-1$  to  $1$ .
3. Sketch the bifurcation diagram for this family of differential equations.

Problem 3

Consider the first order nonautonomous equation

$$x' = p(t)x,$$

where  $p(t)$  is differentiable and periodic with period  $T$ . Prove that all solutions of this equation are periodic with period  $T$  if and only if

$$\int_0^T p(s)ds = 0.$$